## 107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

## H. R. 330

To repeal the Federal estate and gift taxes and the tax on generationskipping transfers.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 31, 2001

Mr. Cox (for himself, Mr. Aderholt, Mr. Armey, Mr. Bachus, Mr. Baker, Mr. Ballenger, Mr. Barcia, Mr. Barr of Georgia, Mr. Bartlett of Maryland, Mr. Barton of Texas, Mr. Bass, Mrs. Biggert, Mr. Blunt, Mr. Boehlert, Mr. Boehner, Mr. Bonilla, Mrs. Bono, Mr. Bou-CHER, Mr. BRADY of Texas, Mr. BRYANT, Mr. BURR of North Carolina, Mr. Burton of Indiana, Mr. Buyer, Mr. Callahan, Mr. Calvert, Mr. CAMP, Mr. CANNON, Mr. CHABOT, Mr. CHAMBLISS, Mr. COBLE, Mr. COLLINS, Mr. COMBEST, Mr. CONDIT, Mr. COOKSEY, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. CRANE, Mr. CRENSHAW, Mrs. CUBIN, Mr. CUNNINGHAM, Mr. DEAL of Georgia, Mr. DeLay, Mr. DeMint, Mr. Diaz-Balart, Mr. Doolittle, Mr. Dreier, Mr. Duncan, Ms. Dunn, Mrs. Emerson, Mr. English, Mr. Everett, Mr. Fletcher, Mr. Foley, Mr. Fossella, Mr. Frelinghuysen, Mr. Gallegly, Mr. Gekas, Mr. Gibbons, Mr. GILLMOR, Mr. GILMAN, Mr. GOODLATTE, Mr. GOODE, Mr. GOSS, Mr. GRAHAM, Ms. GRANGER, Mr. GREEN of Wisconsin, Mr. GREENWOOD, Mr. Grucci, Mr. Hall of Texas, Mr. Hansen, Ms. Hart, Mr. Hastings of Washington, Mr. Hayes, Mr. Hayworth, Mr. Hefley, Mr. Herger, Mr. Hilleary, Mr. Horn, Mr. Hostettler, Mr. HULSHOF, Mr. HUNTER, Mr. HUTCHINSON, Mr. HYDE, Mr. ISAKSON, Mr. Istook, Mr. Jenkins, Mr. Sam Johnson of Texas, Mr. Jones of North Carolina, Mrs. Kelly, Mr. King, Mr. Knollenberg, Mr. Kolbe, Mr. LaHood, Mr. Largent, Mr. Latham, Mr. LaTourette, Mr. Lewis of California, Mr. Lewis of Kentucky, Mr. Linder, Mr. LoBiondo, Mr. Lucas of Oklahoma, Mr. Manzullo, Mr. McCrery, Mr. McHugh, Mr. McInnis, Mr. McKeon, Mr. Mica, Mr. Miller of Florida, Mr. Gary Miller of California, Mr. Moran of Kansas, Mrs. Myrick, Mr. Nethercutt, Mr. Ney, Mrs. Northrup, Mr. Norwood, Mr. Ose, Mr. Oxley, Mr. Paul, Mr. Peterson of Pennsylvania, Mr. PICKERING, Mr. PITTS, Mr. POMBO, Ms. PRYCE of Ohio, Mr. RADANO-VICH, Mr. RAMSTAD, Mr. RILEY, Mr. ROGERS of Michigan, Mr. ROHR-ABACHER, Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN, Mrs. ROUKEMA, Mr. ROYCE, Mr. RYAN of Wisconsin, Mr. Ryun of Kansas, Mr. Saxton, Mr. Scarborough, Mr. Schaffer, Mr. Sensenbrenner, Mr. Sessions, Mr. Shadegg,

Mr. Shaw, Mr. Shimkus, Mr. Simpson, Mr. Skeen, Mr. Smith of Texas, Mr. Smith of Michigan, Mr. Souder, Mr. Spence, Mr. Stearns, Mr. Stump, Mr. Sununu, Mr. Sweeney, Mr. Tancredo, Mr. Tauzin, Mr. Taylor of North Carolina, Mr. Terry, Mr. Thornberry, Mr. Thune, Mr. Tiahrt, Mr. Toomey, Mr. Traficant, Mr. Upton, Mr. Vitter, Mr. Walden of Oregon, Mr. Walsh, Mr. Wamp, Mr. Watkins, Mr. Watts of Oklahoma, Mr. Weldon of Pennsylvania, Mr. Weldon of Florida, Mr. Whitfield, Mr. Wicker, Mrs. Wilson, Mr. Wolf, and Mr. Young of Alaska) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL

To repeal the Federal estate and gift taxes and the tax on generation-skipping transfers.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Family Heritage Pres-
- 5 ervation Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds that:
- 8 (1) Hard working American men and women
- 9 spend a lifetime saving to provide for their children
- and grandchildren, paying taxes all the while.
- 11 Throughout their lives, they pay taxes on the income
- and gains from their labor and their investment. Be-
- cause of the heavy burden of income taxes, property
- taxes, and other levies, it is enormously difficult to
- accumulate savings for a family's future. Worst of

- all, when the purpose of that hard earned saving is about to be achieved, families discover that between 3 percent and 55 percent of their after-tax savings 4 are confiscated by Federal estate taxes.
  - (2) These transfer, estate, and gift taxes punish lifelong habits of thrift; they discourage entrepreneurship; they penalize families; and they have a negative effect on other tax revenue sources.
  - (3) These taxes raise almost no material revenue for the Federal Government. In fiscal year 2000, they produced about 1 percent of total Federal revenues.
  - (4) The waste and economic inefficiency caused by estate taxes is well known. American families employ legions of tax accountants and lawyers each year to set up trusts and other prolix devices designed to avoid these onerous levies. The make-work imposed upon the economy comprises billions of dollars.
  - (5) To pay these excessive taxes, many small businesses must liquidate all or part of their assets. By causing business closures, these taxes constrict business activity, increase unemployment, and reduce tax revenues to the Federal Government.

- 1 (6) Independent analyses indicate that, were 2 these onerous taxes repealed, the Nation's gross do-3 mestic product, Federal and State tax revenues, employment base, and capital formation would increase 5 substantially. According to a recent study by the 6 Joint Economic Committee, these taxes have re-7 duced the stock of capital in the United States by 8 \$497,000,000,000, reduced annual Federal income 9 tax receipts by \$20,000,000,000, caused family busi-10 nesses to divert resources from investment, and en-11 couraged the development of environmentally sen-12 sitive land.
- 13 (7) Repealing these taxes will ensure economic 14 fairness for all American families and businesses 15 and economic growth and prosperity for the Nation 16 as a whole.

## 17 SEC. 3. REPEAL OF FEDERAL TRANSFER TAXES.

- 18 (a) General Rule.—Subtitle B of the Internal Rev-
- 19 enue Code of 1986 (relating to estate, gift, and genera-
- 20 tion-skipping taxes) is hereby repealed.
- 21 (b) Effective Date.—The repeal made by sub-
- 22 section (a) shall apply to the estates of decedents dying,
- 23 and gifts and generation-skipping transfers made, after
- 24 December 31, 2000.